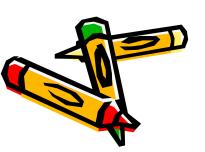


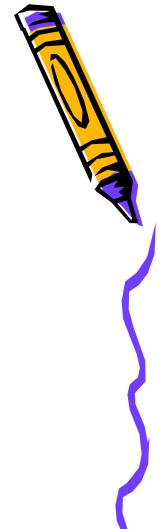
Aims

- To explain what Phonics is
- To share how phonics is taught at St Andrew's
- To teach the basics of phonics and some useful phonics terms
- To show examples of activities and resources we use to teach phonics
- To share websites which parents can use to support their children
- To develop parents' confidence in helping their children with phonics and reading
- To give parents an opportunity to ask questions



What is phonics?



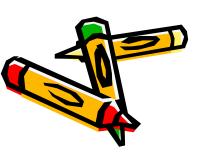


Phonics is ...

Knowledge of the Alphabetic code

+ Skills of segmentation and blending

Learning phonics will help your child to become a good reader and writer.



There are 26 letters of the alphabet but how many spoken sounds are there in the English language?

44



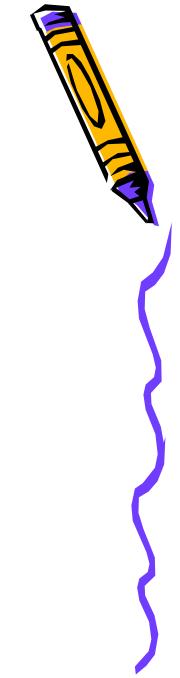


Overview of 'Letters and Sounds'

Divided into 6 phases

- Phase 1
- Phase 2
- Phase 3
- Phase 4
- Phase 5
- Phase 6

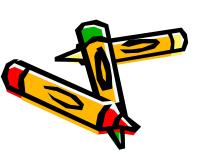




How is phonics taught at St Andrews?



- FS and KS1 each child takes part in a daily Phonics session.
- Children work at a level appropriate to their own development.
- Those not secure will continue phonics in KS2, alongside SPAG teaching.



Daily Phonics Sessions

Revisit and Review

- Practise previously learnt GPC
- Practise blending and segmentation skills
- Practise previously learnt key words

Teach

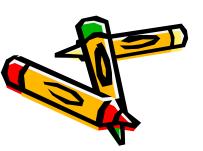
- Teach a new GPC
- Teach blending and/or segmentation with sounds
- Teach key words

Practise

- Practise reading and/or spelling words with the new GPC
- Practise reading/writing captions or sentences with new key words

Apply

- Write the new GPC learnt using a variety of media.
- · Read or write a caption containing the new sound/key word

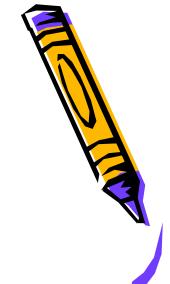




Phonic terms your child will learn at school

- Phoneme
- · Grapheme
- · Blending
- Segmenting
- · Digraph
- Trigraph
- Phoneme frame
- Sound button
- · Key words (some of which are 'tricky words')





Phoneme

 The smallest units of sound that are found within a word

e.g. cat
$$c-a-t$$

- How are these pronounced?
- Sounds should be articulated clearly and precisely.

Phoneme

 Digraph - two letters that make one sound when read

sh, ch, oa, ar

 Trigraph - three letters that make one sound when read

igh, ear, air



How to pronounce pure sounds

- Learn how to pronounce all 44 phonics sounds, or phonemes, used in the English language with these helpful examples.
- Watch:

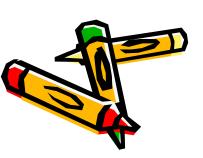
https://youtu.be/UCI2mu7URBc



Blending

Putting the sounds together to make a word (orally or reading)

https://youtu.be/vqvqMtSNswo



Blending

Practise with real and pseudo words





'desktop'

'woast'



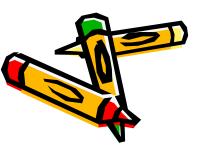
Segmenting

 Breaking up a word into individual sounds (to spell a word)

net

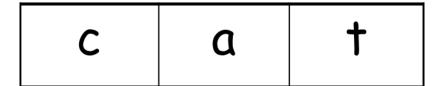


n-e-t





Phoneme Frame





f i sh





Grapheme

 One letter or one group of letters used to write one sound

> The sound 'f' can be written with the grapheme f(fun), ff (huff) or ph (elephant).

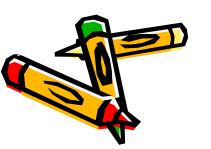
The sound 'igh' can be written with the grapheme igh (night) or i-e (knife) or ie (tie).

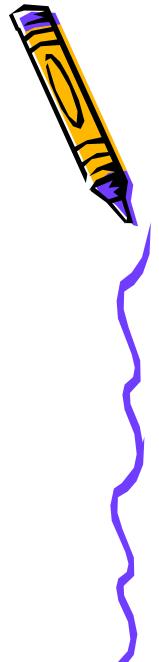
Sound Buttons & Dashes

Indicate individual sound

hat

road



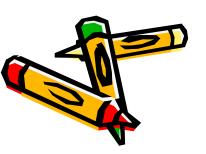


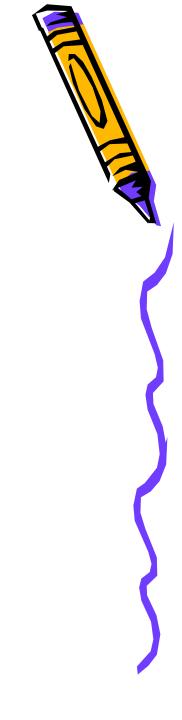
Have a go!

sheep

toad

night

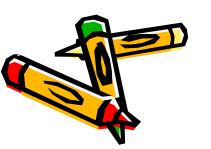




Tricky Words

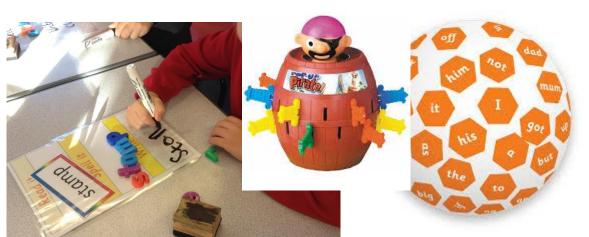
There are many words that **cannot** be blended or segmented because they are irregular.

the was said you some



-encourage automatic by sight recognition

Lots of activities and games to help...

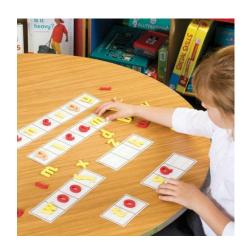










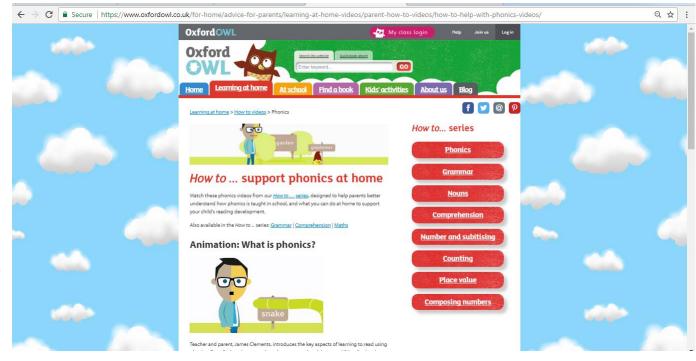




Websites

Oxford owl

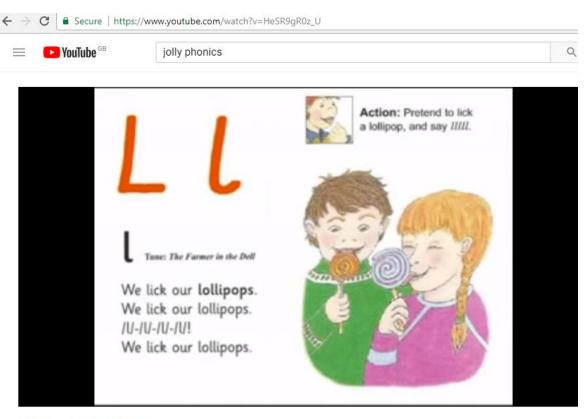


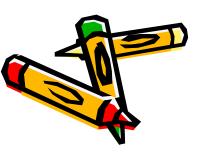




Websites

· Jolly phonics songs on youtube





jolly phonics complete A Z

Websites

· Phonics Play

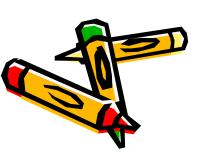




Is there anything I can do at home?



y e s



Don't forget...

Learning to read should be fun for both children and parents.

